THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

Vol. 30. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1815. No. 11.

PRINTED BY
JOHN SCULL,
Corner of Market and Front Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.

The Pittsburgh Gazette is published every Saturday Morning, at Three Dollars per annum, payable half yearly in advance.

If the subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the end of the year, it will be considered as a new engagement.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For 3 insertions, one dollar per square.
Every subsequent insertion, 25 cents per do.
By the year, 10 dollars per do.
ADVERTISING customers are requested to note the number of insertions on their Advertisements.

HANDBILLS, CARDS, BLANKS,
Printing in general, executed with neatness and dispatch.

SHIRAS & DOBBIN,
FOR SALE, at their WAREHOUSE, at the Point,
Pigata Bar and Roll'd IRON,
WLEY & BLISTERED STEEL,
AXES, CHAINS, &c.
Wrought NAILS,
Orleans and Country SUGAR,
ASSES, COTTON, FEATHERS,
NDOW GLASS, and an assorment of
EEN GLASS HOLLOW WARE.
Pittsburgh, July 15, 1815. tfq

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY

THE subscriber, (recently from Philadelphia) has established a TOBACCO MANUFACTORY in this town, on Front str't doors from the Post Office; where he offers for sale, Virginia twist and Kentucky
TOBACCO. SNUFF & SEGARS,
of good quality, and on better terms than can be purchased in Philadelphia or Baltimore.
REES JONES.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 1. tfq

NEW HAT MANUFACTORY.

Hugh Moore & Co.

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public in general, that they have removed their HAT STORE, to Third street, in front of the Hay Scales, between Market and Wood sts, where they offer for Sale, a large and elegant assortment of Beaver, Castor, & Roram HATS. Having procured excellent workmen and the best materials, they flatter themselves to serve those that will favor them with their custom, to their entire satisfaction.

Orders will be received at the Warehouse of Herron and M'NICKLE, and promptly attended to.

Wanted immediately, two or three Apprentices to the Hatting business. Apply to *Hugh Moore & Co. Pittsburgh.*
Pittsburgh, April 29, 1814. tf

KENTUCKY manufactured TOBACCO.

PATENT SHOT,
Green Coffee,
Sugar,
Loaf Sugar and Cotton,
Iron,
Nails,
Castand Steel,
Teas,
IN STORE AND FOR SALE, BY
Allen & Grant,
WOOD STREET.
Pittsburgh, May 13, 1815.

Public Bathing House.

THE Proprietors of THE PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL BATHING HOUSE, hereby inform the Public, that the capacity of the reservoirs for that establishment is doubled and so arranged that the cold and warm water perfectly seperated. The public will in future meet with the disappointments frequent on the former arrangement.

The cost of this establishment, has been considerable, and the Proprietors are sorry to say that the proceeds arising from it are not sufficient to warrant the opening of it another season under the present limited patronage. It is however hoped that the new arrangement alluded to, together with a more extended knowledge of the benefit arising from the use of Baths, in a place as this, will in a short time, procure a more liberal encouragement.

The price of BATHING is 25 Cents. The House will be open from 5 in the morning till 9 at night.
May 15, 1815. tfq

FOR SALE,

THAT THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE, situate in Wood between Front and Water Streets, adjoining Allen & Grant's store.
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON.
Pittsburgh, August 11, 1815. tf

Milling and Cloth Dressing.

GEORGE COCHRAN respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to carry on the above business extensively, and solicits a share of public patronage. Cloth will be received at his Store west side of the Public Square, and returned in a shorter time than at any other place in the Western Country. He flatters himself that his prices and the quality of the work will give satisfaction to those who may favour him with their custom.
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

Commission Warehouse

JOHN M'CLEAN,

GRATEFUL for the liberal encouragement he has received since his commencement in business, begs leave to return thanks to his friends and the public

Having entered into partnership with HENRY DOANE, he solicits a continuance of their patronage. The concern will hereafter be carried on under the firm of

M'CLEAN & DOANE,

Who offer For Sale the following articles on reasonable terms for Cash or approved Notes, at their WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Commission Warehouse, in Water, between Market and Wood Streets.

New Orleans Sugar	Deck Rods
Coffee	Spike Rods
Tobacco	Steel
Brandy	Nails
Gin,	Wire from No 1 to 32
Whiskey	Anchors
Flour	Wrought Anvils
Juniper Berries	Vices
Refined Salt Petre	Scythes
Cables	Sickles
Cordage	Axes
Paste Boards	Hoes
Writing and Wrapping paper	Augers
Barr Iron	Cutting Knives

with a variety of *IRONMONGERY* too numerous to mention, together with a constant supply of *QUEENSWARE* manufactured by TROTTER & Co. at the *Pittsburgh Pottery.*

They have also made arrangements with the "*Pittsburgh White Lead Factory,*" (*J. S. Stevenson*) by which they can supply their customers with any quantity of WHITE LEAD, dry or ground in oil, at the manufacturers price, now $ 20 per cwt.

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1815. tf.

N. B. Consignments will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

Western Eagle Lead Factory.

Trevor, Pettigrew & Troost,

CONTINUE to Manufacture at the WESTERN EAGLE LEAD FACTORY,

WHITE LEAD, *Dry or Ground in Oil.*
RED LEAD, *and*
LITHARGE,

All of the best quality and at the lowest prices.

They also Manufacture at their CHEMICAL LABORATORY—ALCOHOL, ETHER, sweet SPIRITS NITRE, AQUA FORTIS, MURIATIC ACID, RED PRECIPITATE, CALOMEL and Chemical preparations generally.

Orders for any of the above articles will be thankfully received at the Drug and Chemical Warehouse of SPEAKMAN SAY & Co. and at the Glass Warehouse of TREVOR & ENGELL.
Pittsburgh, May 20, 1815.

New Retail Store.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he has just opened a RETAIL STORE, in Diamond Alley, and nearly opposite Mr. George Watson's store, where he has on hand and intends to keep a seasonable assortment of MERCHANDIZE, viz:

Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Queensware,
Flint, Common and Green Glass Ware,
Domestic Pottery, and
Kenhawa Salt, &c. &c.

All of which he is determined to sell very low for Cash or approved trade. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
HENRY HARRIS.
Pittsburgh, August 10.—tfq

TO FARMERS.

THE following valuable TRACTS of LAND, situate on Conequenessing and Brush creeks, in North Sewickly township, Beaver county, Penn. are offered for Sale.

No. 190, containing 200 acres On this Tract there are about 30 acres cleared, and the greatest part is rich bottom—on the premises are a good framed dwelling house, one story high, with a good garret in which is one large room and a sleeping room—a framed kitchen adjoining of a good size, with a cellar underneath, and a spring house before the door, the water of an excellent quality—the tenant is under obligation to build a barn—A house of worship about 80 rods distant.

No. 178, containing 132 acres or thereabouts. On this Tract about 20 acres are cleared, from which no crop has as yet been raised, the greater part bottom—the land of an excellent quality—to this tract is attached the one-third right in a saw-mill and a small quantity of land adjoining.

No. 173, containing 200 acres, is almost entirely bottom land on Brush creek—about 16 acres cleared—this tract is exceedingly rich and fertile, fit for meadow or corn ground.

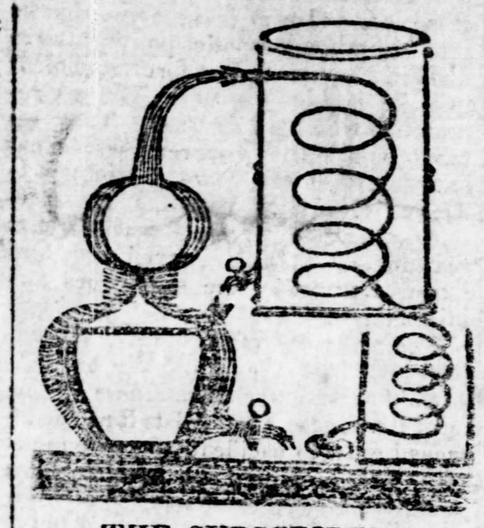
No. 184. The undivided fourth part of 200 acres, near the Iron works of Doctor Basse—the soil good.

ALSO—Several Lots in the Town of Stone's-ville.

The three first Tracts are situate 9 miles from the Town of Beaver, from one-fourth to one mile from the great road from Beaver to Mercer, and about five miles from Harmony—there are four grist mills distant from one and an half to five miles.

Farmers wishing to purchase *good lands* are invited to view the premises, and for further information to call on the subscriber. The title is indisputable, and the terms easy, and to accommodate farmers either Tract will be sold separate, or the whole together. tf.

JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Land Broker.*
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.



THE SUBSCRIBERS,

HAVING entered into Partnership, inform their Customers and others, that they carry on their Business at G. MILTENBERGER's Old Stand, next door to the Post-Office, under the firm of

Neal & Miltenberger,

where they manufacture and keep for Sale

Copper and Tin Wares,

of every description. They have now on hand a large supply of good COPPER, well assorted, and suitable for all kind of work; also, a number of STILLS, with WORMS complete.

They have likewise a

BRASS FOUNDERY,

in complete operation, where *Bells, Candlesticks, Andirons, Still Cocks, Rivets* and *Castings* of every kind will be executed in the neatest manner.

Being concerned in a

COMB MANUFACTORY,

they will keep a constant supply of COMBS of different kinds, and of an excellent quality, which they are determined to dispose of as low as they are sold at any Manufactory in the United States.

Mr. Miltenberger having removed to Philadelphia, they have made arrangements to keep a supply of *Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Copper, Sheet Iron, Wire,* and other materials used in their business, which being purchased for Cash, they will be enabled to sell at the most reduced prices.

REUBEN NEAL,
GEORGE MILTENBERGER.
Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815.

*** Orders for any articles in their line thankfully received and attended to with the strictest punctuality.

The highest price given for Old Pewter, Copper and Brass.

Wanted, Two or Three smart, active Lads as Apprentices to the Copper-smith Business or Brass Foundery.

Constant employment and the highest wages will be given to EIGHT *or* TEN *Journeymen, who are wanted immediately.*

FOR SALE,

70 Boxes TIN, 1-4 X.

APPLY at the Warehouse of the subscriber, in Wood street.
WM: ROBINSON, JR.
Pittsburgh, Aug. 29, 1815.

Coal Pit For Sale.

THE SUBSCRIBER,

WILL sell on moderate terms 28 1-2 acres of LAND, containing COAL of an excellent quality, situate near the Turnpike road about two miles from Pittsburgh, and about half a mile from the village of Lawrenceville, where the United States are erecting very extensive works, and where great quantities of Coal will be consumed. There is a good Pit open on this Land, and in complete repair: the road from the Turnpike to the Pit is excellent.

For particulars apply to
WILLIAM B. FOSTER
Pittsburgh, June 20, 1815.

For Sale, or Perpetual Lease.

THREE Dwelling Houses and Lots on Grant's Hill, in the Borough of Pittsburgh.
Several vacant Lots in do.
The buildings, &c. formerly occupied as a Tilt Hammer.
The House in which the subscriber resides.
Several Lots in the Town of Wilkinsburgh.
One small Farm of 100 acres in the vicinity of Wilkinsburgh.
And a number of small Farms on the Monongahela, being part of Troy Farm, which have been laid off to suit purchasers.

The terms will be very advantageous, and indisputable titles made.

MAGNUS M. MURRAY.
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

CUT TACKS.

13 BOXES, containing each about 130 thousand well assorted CUT TACKS, from 2 1-2 oz. to 4 oz. clouts, for Sale by
ORMSBY & DOANE,
Who will receive and forward orders to the Manufacturer for any further quantity; and also, for Cut Sprigs from 1-2 to 1 1-2 inches.
September 11, 1815.

IRON—Cut Nails and Brads, and Nail Rods,

ORLEANS SUGAR,
WHISKEY,
FLOUR,
Flax and Tow LINEN,
Letter,
No 1, 2 and 3 writing, } PAPER,
Large and small wrapping,
For Sale by
BEAN & BUTLER.
Front, between Market & Wood streets.
Pittsburgh, Sept. 5, 1815.

For Sale at this Office,
BLANK SUMMONSES,
Printed on fine paper and on a new and elegant type.

Messrs. Bosler & Co.

Have just received from LEE'S PATENT *and* FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, *New-York,*

A FRESH SUPPLY OF THE FOLLOWING

GENUINE MEDICINES.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

THIS MEDICINE has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies, and the Southern and Middle States, particularly in New-York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Petersburgh, Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons in each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe, that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives, when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favor of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed, presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventors has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these Pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers will prove an infallible preventative; and further, that in the earliest stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate, and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these Pills is perfectly mild so as to be used by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to produce a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds, which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness, sickness at the stomach, and severe head-ache, & ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seamen.

HAMILTON'S

Worm Destroying Lozenges,

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions of foulness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of, as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution. It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and is so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders. The Lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

DESCRIPTION OF WORMS,
And the symptoms by which they are known:

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz—The Teres, or large round worm; the Ascarides, or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitine, or short, flat, white worm; and lastly, the Tænia, or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long, and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose; convulsions; epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious; purging, with slimy and fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits; slow fever, with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent "the vomiting and purging of children"—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens.—It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

The proprietor of HAMILTON'S RESTORATIVE DROPS confidently recommends it as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders	Violent cramps in the stomach and back
Consumptions	Indigestion
Lowness of Spirits	Melancholy
Loss of Appetite	Gout in the Stomach
Impurity of Blood	Pains in the Limbs
Hysterical Affections	Relaxations, &c.
Inward Weaknesses	

The principal operation of this medicine is in the stomach, restoring the digestive power, and sending from that organ new health and vigor into every part of the system; it enriches and purifies the blood without stimulating, too violently, the nervous system; strengthens the secretory vessels and general habits, brings back the muscular fibres to their natural and healthy tone; and restores that nutrition which immoderate evacuations have destroyed, and whose loss had thrown the whole frame into langour and debility.

The Restorative is absolutely above all commendation in removing those weaknesses and infirmities with which many females are afflicted, the consequences of difficult and painful labours, or of injudicious treatment therein.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease have brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair.

Perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

The Grand Restorative is prepared in Pills, as well as in a fluid form, which assists considerably in producing a gradual & lasting effect.

HAMILTON'S
ESSENCE & EXTRACT OF MUSTARD.

A safe and effectual remedy for Rheumatisms, Gout, Palsy, Sprains and Bruises, White Swellings, old Strains and Relaxations, Numbness and Weakness of the Neck, Pains of the Side, Headache, Swelled Faces, Frozen Limbs, and every similar complaint. It prevents Chilblains, or Chopped Hands, and the ill effects of getting wet or damp in the feet.

THE GENUINE PERSIAN LOTION,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, (the basis of other Lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding the natural, insensible perspiration, which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth, and improving the complexion.

THE RESTORATIVE POWDER,
For the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses & whitens the teeth by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which, suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

HAMILTON'S
ELIXIR FOR COUGHS,

Celebrated for the cure of colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, and approaching consumptions, and a certain remedy for the whooping cough.

HAHN'S
GENUINE EYE WATER,

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

ITCH CURED.

LEE'S SOVEREIGN OINTMENT FOR THE ITCH,

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

LEE'S
INFALLIBLE
AGUE AND FEVER DROPS,
For the cure of Agues, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

HAHN'S
True & Genuine German Corn Plaister.

☞ AT the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

SOLD, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, BY

BOSLER & CO.

Front Street, between Market and Wood Streets, Pittsburgh.

☞ *Druggists and Country Storekeepers, will be treated with on liberal terms.*
Sept. 16, 1815. eoptfqcB&Co.r*

WOOLLENS.

GEORGE COCHRAN offers for Sale, at his Store west side of the Public Square, an assortment of FINE and COMMON CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and SATTINETTS, wholesale and retail—also, HALF HOSE, which he is determined to sell at the Philadelphia prices for Cash or approved negociable notes.
Pittsburgh, August 30, 1815.

COTTON.

122 bales best quality Orleans Cotton,

JUST received and FOR SALE at
DAVID LOGAN'S Warehouse
Corner of Ferry and Water Streets,
Pittsburgh, Aug. 22.——8wq

Valuable Property for Sale.

WILL be Sold by Public Sale, on Monday the 6th day of November next, TWO LOTS OF GROUND, at the corner of Diamond alley and Liberty street, containing each 22 feet in front, on which are erected sundry extensive frame buildings, lately occupied as a Factory, with or without the Millworks thereto attached. The buildings are calculated for tenements, which will yield a handsome rent at a trifling expence

This property, from its situation on Liberty street, in the centre of the Town, must be an object to persons who wish to vest money in valuable and improving property in Pittsburgh. A further description thereof, and terms will be made known at Sale.

D. S. SCULLY, *Auc'r.*
Pittsburgh, October 3, 1815.

FALL GOODS.

The Subscriber has just received his Fall Assortment, consisting of

SIX bales well assorted broadcloths, all colors
3 ditto cassimers, do.
2 do. fancy, imperial and Bedford cords
1 do. stockinetts and elastic cloths
4 do. flushings and coatings
2 do. blue and mixed plains
2 do. bocking and drapery baize
5 do. yellow, white and red flannel
5 do. rose, point and duffield blankets
1 do. assorted pelisse cloth
2 do. assorted fancy and swansdown vesting
1 do. Guernsey frocks, elastic drawers, caps
4 cases bombazetts, tartan plaids, wild boar, stuffs, &c.
1 case assorted worsted hosiery and half hose
5 do. assorted Madras, flag and fancy handkerchiefs
2 do. fancy and assorted cotton shawls
1 do. fine and elegant cravats and neck ties
10 do. elegantly assorted fancy coloured calicoes
2 do. do. furniture prints
5 do. 4-4 and 6-4 cambrick muslins
3 do. leno, book, jaconet and mull muslins
3 do. domestick white cottons and plaids
4 do. black and assorted coloured muslins
1 do Irish linens
1 do. brown Holland
1 do. black silks, taffetas, sattins, and other fancy silk goods
1 do English Morocco hatters skins, and
20 cases and packages assorted woolen and cotton dry goods

The whole forming a very complete assortment.

HARDWARE.

1 cask cast and German steel hand and tenant saws
1 do. containing a general assortment of locks
1 do. do. do. of cabinet makers brass wares
1 do. do. do. of carpenters tools
1 do. do. do. of saddlers ware & trimings
1 do. do. files and rasps of all kinds
1 do. do. butt, table and parliament hinges
1 do. do. double and single bladed and fancy pocket, pen and Barlow knives
1 do. do. large and small shears and scissors
1 do. do. gilt and plated coat and vest, and fancy buttons
2 do. table, desert, butcher, shoe and other knives
1 do. elegnat brass and plated and iron candlesticks and snuffers
1 do. Britania coffee, tea, sugar & cream setts
1. case elegant brass mounted fowling pieces
15 packages assorted hardware, forming a complete assortment.

Anvils, vises, frying pans, shovels and tongs and steel pokers
Real English Crowley and cast steel, and German and Swedish steel
Mill, whip and cross-cut saws
10 packages of shoes, leather and Morocco, assorted
1 cask large Goshen cheese, and
1 case liquorice ball
Coffee, teas, lump sugar, copperas and rosin
Madeira, sherry, port, lisbon and malaga wines
Holland gin, Jamaica spirits, cherry bounce, old whiskey
West-India and New-Orleans molasses
Kentucky and Ferree's powder
Salt petre, &c. &c. &c.

The above Goods have been selected from the invoices of extensive importers, and bought generally by the original packages, which will enable the subscriber, to accommodate his customers, and country merchants, at a very small advance on the city piece prices, and on such terms as will prove agreeable to such gentlemen as may honor us *with a call.*

Orders, enclosing suitable references, punctually attended to.

ISAAC HARRIS,
S. W. Corner of the Diamond.

Pittsburgh, October 14, 1815.

☞ Wanted, butter in barrels or kegs, country linen, flaxseed, dried fruit, beeswax, and dried ginseng; and country produce generally taken in exchange for goods, at cash prices.

Evening School Commenced.

GEORGE FORESTER,

RESPECTFULLY gives notice, that his SCHOOL is now open for the reception of a large number of *Evening* and a few more *Day Scholars.* He has just received from New-York, a set of new improved GLOBES.—No means are spared by him to promote the moral and intellectual improvement of his pupils; as well as to maintain the respectable character of his school. Terms moderate.

Wood-street, corner Second-street,
Sept. 23, 1815.

DOCTOR N. SMITH,

RESPECTFULLY informs the inhabitants of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, that he has been regularly licensed to practice PHYSICK AND SURGERY, and has for several years been engaged in the practice of its various branches, and therefore offers them his services, particularly in the capacity of a Dentist, hoping that his thorough knowledge of this branch of his profession, united with assiduity in business, and exertions to please, will entitle him to the patronage of the public. He cleans, repairs and extracts defective teeth, inserts new ones in such a manner and of such materials, the knowledge of which is peculiar to himself. He deems encomiums upon his performances superfluous, as he has set a number of artificial teeth since his residence in Pittsburgh; those that have scruples respecting the operation are requested to call and satisfy themselves.

The operation of inserting and cleaning is attended with little or no pain.

He also prepares the highly celebrated Carbonic Dentrifice, which will keep the teeth white and prevent the collection of Tartor.

Applications made at Dr. MORREL PARKER'S east side of Wood street, between Diamond Alley and Fifth streets.

October 14, 1815.

N. B. If the expectations are not answered, pecuniary satisfaction will not be required.

HARDWARE STORE.

Thomas Hazelton & Henry Bailey,

HAVING entered into Partnership, in the above line of business, have opened a GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF HARDWARE, at their Store in Market Street, between Front and Water Streets, Pittsburgh, which they will sell WHOLESALE OR RETAIL on moderate terms. The subscribers flatter themselves that from their attention to business, they will receive a share of public patronage.

ALSO—The Manufacturies of Messrs. HAZELTON'S, of SCALE BEAMS, PATENT BALANCES, &c. may be had at their Store.

HAZELTON & BAILEY.

Feb. 20, 1815. tf. 3PcNF1S

FOREIGN NEWS,

Received by recent arrivals at Boston and New York.

Translated from late French papers received by the Spartan.

PARIS, AUG. 24.

A marriage is spoken of between the Hereditary Prince of the Low Countries and the grand duchess Anne, sister to the Emperor of Russia.

Another illustrious alliance that is talked of is that of the Princes Charlotte of Wales heiress of the throne of England, with a Prince of Prussia, nephew to the King.

PARIS, AUG. 25.

According to the Frankfort Journal, the following is the division of the French departments to be occupied by the troops of the high allied powers:

1. Prussian army; head quarters of field marshal prince Blucher de Wahlstadt, Caen. The army will occupy the departments of Finister, Morbihan Coles du Nord, Manche, Ille at Vilaine, Calvados Orne, Nayenne, Sarthe, Euret Loire Lower Seine, as far as the right bank of the Seine, Eure, Loire at Cher, Indre et Soire, Main et Loire, Lower Loire as far as the right bank of the Loire.

2. The Prussian army will occupy in common with the English and Austrian armies, the departments of the Seine, et Oise as far as the left bank of the Seine.

3. The English army and that of the Lower Countries; field marshal duke of Wellington has his H. quarters at Paris. The army will occupy the departments of Lower Seine, Eure, Seine et Oise, upon the right bank of the Seine, Lys Nord, Seine et Marne, Somme, Pas de Calais, Oise.

4. Russian army; H. quarters of field marshal count Barclay de Tolly, Melun. The army will occupy the departments upon the right bank of the Seine, Aisne, Ardenes, Marne, Meuse, Haute Marne, Moseelle, Meurthe, the 4th part l'Aube, one third.

5. Bavarian army; H. quarter of field marshal prince de Wrede, Auxere. The army will occupy the departments of the Loire, and as far as the Loire, Yonne, Nievre, Aube, the two thirds, Haute, Marne, the 3-4ths, Vosges.

6. The troops of Wurtemburg and of Hesse Darmstadt, under the orders of his highness the prince royal of Wurtemburg, will occupy the departments of l'Allier, and of Pay de Dome.

7. The Austrian army; head quarters of field marshal prince Schwartzenburg, Fontainbleau. The army of the Upper Rhine will occupy the departments of Cantal, Lozer, Gard, Loire, Tpper Jura, Doubs, Rhone, Ain, Mont Blanc, Isere, Ardeche, Dreme, Upper Alps.

8. The Saxon troops and those of Baden, will occupy the departments of the Upper and Lower Rhine.

Translated for the Columbian.

Report to the king on the internal situation of France, on the relations with foreign armies with respect to order and pacification—by the minister of general police.

Sire—The ravages of France are at their height, the allied powers destroy and devastate her, as if we had neither peace nor accommodation to hope for. The inhabitants are flying before licentious troops; the forests are filled with the wretched, who run there to seek out a last asylum—the harvests are about to perish on the fields—despair will soon hearken no longer to the voice of any authority and this war, undertaken to assure the triumph of moderation and justice, will equal the barbarity of those lamentable and most cruel invasions whose history cannot he recollected without horror.

The allied powers have proclaimed their doctrine too loudly for us possibly to doubt their magnanimity! What benefit can be drawn from so many useless calamitiies? Is there no more bounds of faith between nations? Would they retard the reconciliation of Europe with France? One of the views of the sovereigns would appear to be to strengthen your majesty's government, and its authority is unceasingly compromitted by the state of impotence to which they have reduced it. Its power is even rendered odious by the evils of which it seems to be the accomplice, because it cannot hinder them. Your Majesty signed the treaty of May 25, as an ally, and war is waged against you in a manner the most direct.

The sovereigns know the state of knowledge in France; no reasoning, no species of defect, no kind of inconsequence escapes the penetration of this people—although humbled by necessity, they yield to it with courage. Has not your majesty performed for the interest of the powers and for peace whatever depended on your efforts? Bonaparte has been not only dispossessed, but is in the hands of the allies; his family too are in their power, since they are on their territory. The chambers have been dissolved, and speedily there will be none in public functions but friends of peace and duty. The Bonapartists were feared, though none of them can be dangerous any more—your majesty, in the mean time, have granted every thing on this point which the executive could require!

If, having conquered France, it be pretended that it yet remains to punish her, this language (which ought not to be listened to after the promises of the sovereigns) should exact a serious deliberation on all its consequences. Wherefore would they punish us! Is it for us to expiate the ambition of a single man? the evils which it has produced?—we were its first victims—we have delivered Europe from it twice. Tis not in foreign countries, it is in France, that terror always troubled his repose, and spite of his power he could never render the war national—instruments are not accessories, and who is ignorant that he who exercises despotic power always finds in the multitude a force sufficient to make him be obeyed? We are reproached with his successes. They retaliate sufficiently by our reverses. What image brought the news of victory to France if it is not that of the conscriptions, which the sword of war went to reap anew? We have saved ourselves like all Europe, by the same woes and misfortunes.

The army has submitted to your majesty, but it still exists. We ought to explain ourselves with frankness on this head; while the army exists it can be attached only to pacification and publick tranquility. Its state of union far from being an evil, prevents mischief from spreading. The return of soldiers to the bosom of the people, will not be dangerous when the conclusion of the war shall leave to the people the means of resuming their occupations and their habits; but before that moment, whilst fermentation is not yet extinguished, nor obedience established, the mixture of soldiers with citizens could not but throw fresh combustibles into the flame; it is too painful to reflect that such a state of things should have no other source than the terror of some cabinets. On the opinion they entertain of the situation of France, depends whether all their desires should be accomplished. There is no sacrifice to which an enlightened people will not submit, if they find in it the means of preventing greater evils. Such is the disposition, such the determination of all the French. Would they [the allies] on the contrary obtain measures of anticipation for unknown plans? It is to demand an impossibility; there is no blind obedience in France. The powers have hitherto unfolded none of their designs, no one can form an idea of what is to be done, either of the government, or the authority of your majesty, or of the future.

Anxiety and doubt are at their height and every thing appears a subject of terror in this obscurity, but a single word, and all the disposition of men's minds would be changed. There should be no obstacle to any measure, if it formed part of a general plan that should offer in its whole scope some encouragement for obedience. Let the sovereigns deign them to explain themselves. Why should they refuse this act of justice? Let then condescend to combine all their demands as so many conditions of the quietness of the people, and let our accession to all their views make part of a mutual treaty, there will then be no more difficulty. The sovereigns perhaps do not fully observe in what embarrassments and what obstructions they place us and themselves. We should have need of good order to second them, and of their explications to establish this good order. Would they have sacrifices who require a peremptory obedience? For that purpose the authority of your majesty must be full and entire. Nothing is possible, nothing practicable, if peace exist not in fact, at least provisionally; and far from being at peace we experience all the miseries of war.

Let the sovereigns at least bestow some attention to their own interests. When every thing will be wasted around their armies, how shall these armies find their subsistence? Is there no hazard in scattering troops? All the arms are not yet taken away [from the French people] and every man becomes murderous in the hands of despair. With respect to contributions of war, what new sacrifices should they demand, where the soldier shall have destroyed all? As it regards the force of armies, discipline once relaxed is hard to be re-established. Germany has no room to expect but that after a glorious campaign, she will bring back her soldiers corrupted by a spirit of licentiousness, caprice and pillage. Every thing ought to distinguish this war from others, instead of imitating, surpassing even in France the excesses against which the sovereigns took up arms.—Their glory, will even that be satisfied? We have done whatever they have desired, and on their side, of all that they announced to the world is it accomplished on a single point? What a contrast between their performance and their most solemn promises? This is the age of reason and justice, and never has public opinion had greater influence. What can account for afflictions so excessive after promises of so much moderation? The present war has been commenced to maintain the cause of legitimacy; is this manner of conducting the war adapted to render your majesty's authority more sacred? The allies resolved to dethrone and punish him who made sport of the calamities of nations; and they exercise on submissive France the same violence, the same inhumanity. All Europe thought that the entry of the sovereigns into Paris should end the war; what will they think on learning that it was only then the extravagancies of oppression began, without battles and without resistance? The distresses which they upbraid us for having bro't on other countries have never been so great, never at least did they not take place when the employment of armies had no longer any other object; and if it were true that we had given such an example of the abuse of force, ought they to imitate it since they impute it to us as a crime?—They well know in the north, they know in Prussia what energy and public spirit our want of moderation produced in our enemies. There should be no end to the evils of humanity if alternate vengeance became a right of war; for nations never die.

Will your majesty permit me to insist on a concluding consideration? So long as France shall have any thing to preserve; whilst she shall cherish hopes of sustaining herself as a national body, no sacrifice will be impossible to her, and all the schemes of an equitable policy may yet be executed: but the day when the inhabitants shall have lost all, when their ruin shall be completed, we shall see a new order of things commence, a new series of events, because there will be neither government, nor obedience. Blind fury shall succeed to resignation; they will take no counsel but from despair; they will desolate on both sides; pillage will make war upon pillage; every step of the foreign soldiery will be stained with blood; France will have less shame in destroying herself than in suffering others to destroy her. That moment approaches; already is the national spirit taking this frightful direction; a fusion is forming among parties the most opposite; Vendee itself in this excess of calamities brings her colors nearer those of the army. What part will be left your majesty but to resist? Public functionaries will of themselves abandon their places, and the armies of the sovereigns will then be within the hold of individuals freed from all social obligations. A people of thirty millions may without doubt disappear from the earth, but in this war of man against man more than one tomb will enclose together, both victors and vanquished.

PARIS, AUG. 26.

It is reported that a Council of Marshals, of which Massena and Augereau, are already named as two, will pronounce on the affairs of Marshal Ney.

The orders of Louis 18th directed his trial by court martial, as in the case of the rest of the traitors.

SPANISH PROCLAMATION.

Translated from a late French paper.

CASTANOS, *Generalissimo of the Spanish army to the French people!*

"The troops of the King, my master, enter the French territory, not to commit hostilities, but to suppress the ferocity of a faction who are not satisfied with the calamities they have occasioned, by which they have compromitted the throne of his most Catholic Majesty, and the tranquility of his subjects. In the declaration of the 2d May, it is said, that the Spanish army should not wage war against France, but the faction which desolates it; that it avows no other conquest than the repose of France herself, in restoring her king called to the throne by the fundamental laws of the state, whose prostration has plunged the whole kingdom in sadness and bereavement.

The chief of the disturbers of the public quiet is no longer at their head, but his spirit still animates his followers.

King Louis 18th is on his throne, but his virtues have not yet completed the conquest of minds bewildered by the genious of evil. All the declarations of the king my master are, that the troops which enter the dominions of his Catholic Majesty, must neither ravage nor dismember the smallest part of them, but protect and preserve them faithfully as a sacred trust.

(Signed) CASTANOS.
Conquiere, August, 1815.

VERBAL AND OTHER REPORTS.

The reader must be aware how small a degree of dependence is to be placed on verbal and epistolary advices from France. Every reporter appears to retail his own opinions, or the last isolated hearsay he had listened to. One day a fresh arrival asserts, that every thing was tranquil in France, and the golden age about to recommence. The next, an arrival in as short a passage, and from the same quarter reports, that the greatest irritation existed all over France; and that the people were on the eve of explosion. And so the tale of one day is jostled aside by the fable of the next. It is believed, however, by those who have been able to survey the largest tract, that the great body of the French people are heart sick of war, and its concomitants; that they will make great sacrifices to Peace and Commerce; and that the sway of the Bourbons will be tranquil and permanent, allowance being made for a few occasional irruptions of her "choice spirits," whose trade is blood. The French people, unquestionably cannot relish the reverse of a maxim of holy writ; they cannot well endure *being done unto as they have done to others;* but it is highly probable they will "grin and bear" their exactions; which will probably be continued until the allies shall have passed the *carnival* of a French harvest time; and that then they will be permitted to manage their affairs in their own way. Fortunately for the world, the French marshals in point of talent and influence, are peas of the same pod; and no one of them, were he so minded, can make any head against the pretensions of so many rivals.

The following are extracts from the last letters from Bordeaux:

"BORDEAUX, AUG. 7.

"My last respects were of 1st Jul advising the great reverse of the Fren army, and the probability of brin about the restoration of Louis 18th. latter event is already realised, and first consequences have been the ce tion of hostilities.

"We shall now have to pay to be livered from our deliverers. The Pr sians have a strong and vindictive re lection of their former sufferings, take much pleasure in their retaliati The Austrians and Russians take t revenge in eating and drinking, bu not indulge themselves in much pers violence. You may easily conceive unpropitious influence of this sta things upon our commerce. Our are open to all the world, but royal nances, and even the gracious tolera of John Bull, cannot create commer the absence and privation of its l mate springs and sources. I kno whether the French government ever be made to understand comm but hitherto the Royal, Republican sular and Imperial administrations manifested a wonderful ignorance o subject.

"The American trade has been only branch in activity for some past."

"BORDEAUX, AUG. 2

"We are quiet and happy; and city will be favored on every occasi the Royal family.

"We shall have to pay some hun hundreds of millions to the allies; our whole territory will be preserved protected.

"All the regular troops have vani The duke and duchess of Angoulem here. They spread joy and conten Our city has been illuminated and ces performed in the streets on the o sion."

THE WESTERN MEDICA SOCIETY,

THE Members composing the WEST MEDICAL SOCIETY, will hold the stated Meeting at the house of Doctor J MOYNE, in the borough of Washington, (P THURSDAY THE 14TH DECEMBER NEX members are particularly requested to m 10 o'clock, A. M.

The following question is to be discus *Is Miasma the cause of all the Epidemic of this climate?*

On motion, Ordered that the question b lished in the Reporter, Washington, P Pittsburgh, and Herald, Steubenville, 2 w before meeting with notice of the time.

By order of the Society,
T. BAIRD, *Recording Sec*
Washington, October 14, 1815

By authority of a Letter of Attorney to m rected by H. H. Brackenridge,

I WILL LEASE

FOR any term not exceeding seven y certain space of ground in the to Pittsburgh, and situate on the *south ea* of Market and Second *Streets, running* the said corner the *distance of 30 feet on* Street, thence easterly in a line paralle Second Street 56 feet, thence northerly No. 225, in a line parallel with Market 30 feet, and thence 56 feet on Second St the place of beginning, being the northe of Lot No. 226.

As my directions are, to Lease to the and best bidder, those who are de taking the Lease, can receive any furth formation from me at my Office in Street.

A. BRACKENRI

Pittsburgh, October 14, 1815.

Farmers and Mechanics B of Pittsburgh.

OCTOBER 17th,

NOTICE is hereby given, that agree an Act of Assembly, entitled, " regulating Banks," a general meeting Stockholders of the Farmers and Me Bank of Pittsburgh, will be held at th ing House, on the third Monday of N next, for the purpose of electing thir sons to serve as Directors for the ensu

By order of the Board of Direct
GEO. LUCKEY, *Ca*

Bank of Pittsbu

October 17,

A MEETING of the Stockholders " Bank of Pittsburgh," will be h Banking House ON MONDAY THE 20TH BER NEXT, for the purpose of electing Directors.

ALEX: JOHNSTON, *Ja. C*

Real Estate for Sale,

THE whole of the HOUSE and LOT cupied by Mr. William Morrow, the Green Tree, on the corner of Fo Wood Streets, Pittsburgh. *The House* and is well calculated for both Store and or any kind of Public busines. Th 120 feet on Wood Street, and 60 feet o Street.

ALSO,

A small HOUSE and LOT on Ferr between Front and Second Streets, by Mrs. Dobbins, subject to a ground S40 per annum. For terms apply JOHNSTON, Esq. Postmaster, Pittsbur the subscriber in Allegheny Town, Pittsburgh.

HUGH

October 14, 1815.

I will Sell or Rent ON PERPETUAL LEA

THE Corner LOT on Smithfield st Street—60 feet in front.

F. B.

October 20, 1815.

To be Sold or Rente

AND possession given immediately, and LOT, in Church alley, in the of Pittsburgh. For terms apply to

SAMUEL K
in the

Pittsburgh, September 16, 181

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1815.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Yesterday morning about half past one o'clock, a most alarming Fire broke out in the hatter's shop of Mr. Church, on the East side of Wood, between Third and Fourth Streets, which before it was extinguished destroyed the whole range of brick houses, between the two streets, besides a number of frame and other buildings. The fire had made great progress before a sufficient number of citizens were collected to arrest its course. Fortunately a rain had fallen a few hours before, or otherwise, the wind being high, the flames might have spread destruction to a much greater extent. The principal sufferers are the Rev. Mr. Patterson, Mr. M'Kown, Mr. Thaw, Doctor Wilson, and John M'Donald, Esq. The loss sustained, may perhaps be estimated at $35,000.

SHOCKING OCCURRENCE.

On Sunday night last about 9 o'clock, Mr. — Campbell, a respectable young man, clerk in the store of Mr. Parks, of this town, was twice stabbed in the body with a dirk, by a Journeyman Taylor, named Stewart. Campbell lingered until the following day when he expired. We have been made but partially acquainted with the circumstances attending this melancholy catastrophe, but understand that upon a difference of a trifling nature, Stewart drew from his bosom the dirk, and perpetrated the atrocious act. Stewart fled on the same night, but we are sorry has been since apprehended.

WILKINSON'S MEMOIRS.

An advertisement in our columns of this day, discloses the fact, that General Wilkinson is about to publish MEMOIRS OF HIS OWN TIMES. The general nature of this work is set forth in the advertisement. But in addition to what every intelligent reader may fairly infer from the character and standing of the author, we have seen a body of materials, the substance of which will necessarily form a part of the work. We are, therefore, emboldened to give an opinion, that no publication of equal interest, in relation to our military or political history, has yet appeared. Of foreign memoirs, those of the duke of Sully, and of Cardinal de Retz, are most sought after, as sources of political information, as well as interesting private anecdote. The former are truly valuable. The latter considered so by many. The work of Wilkinson, we trust will form, as far as the variance of time and circumstances will admit, a fit companion to that of Sully, in which case our country will have reason to congratulate itself on a literary acquisition.

[Albany Register.

From Bell's Weekly Messenger.

The plain of Waterloo is a magnificient scene, and a prize fighting ground worthy of such a battle. The position of the French was woody, that of the Allies chiefly covered with grain. Rye was the prevailing species. It grows so high, that a Scotch regiment, in advancing through a field of it on the 16th, was nearly cut to pieces without seeing an enemy. The French observed its approach by the tops its muskets shining in the sun, and took their aim accordingly, while our troops could only fire at random. All accounts agree in the great advantage that the French cuirassiers derived from their armour. Their swords were three inches longer than any used by the allies, and in close action the cuts of our sabres did no execution, except they fortunately came across the neck of the enemy. The latter also, feeling themselves secure in their armour, advanced deliberately and steadily, until they came within about 20 yards of our ranks, as a musket ball could not penetrate their cuirasses at a greater distance. The cuirass, however, was attended with one disadvantage; the wearer, in close action cannot use his arms with perfect facility in all directions: he readily thrusts, but cannot cut with ease.

The ground being deep in many parts of the field, the troops presented a frightful appearance, particularly the Life Guards, from the splashing of the mud, increased by the weight of their horses. The French could scarcely dare to look at them. They called them the Red Lions. Among the effective incidents of the day is mentioned an *hurrah* given by an Irish regiment in the act of charging. The shock struck terror in the opposing line, which fled before it felt the bayonet.

With every possible diligence and care that could be used, many of the wounded for two days upon the field of battle before their wounds were dressed and they could be removed. The preference was, of course, given to our gallant heroes, and a peremptory order was issued to that effect. Many days after the battle, the fields of Waterloo continued to present great numbers of poor persons, particularly females, seeking for plunder. Every rag was searched, in expectation it could produce gold or silvered lace or money. Among the most common spoils were the eagles worn on the fronts of the caps of some of the French emigrants. These when broken off, were sold at Brussels for about two francs each. Among the French killed and wounded, were observed an immense number of letters from friends, relatives, & lovers, who have to lament their loss.

For the Gazette.

Mr. Scull,

The following lines are offered as a small tribute of respect to the memory of the late Mrs. Phebe Bostwick, whose premature death has been so generally lamented by her friends and acquaintance.

Could youth, could beauty, or could virtue, save
From the dark precincts of the narrow tomb,
Phebe would still have liv'd—nor yet the grave
Have nipt so fair a flower, just in its bloom.

Oh gracious Heaven! mysterious are thy ways—
We bow submissive to thy righteous doom,
Nor dare we ask, why shorten so her days?
And bury Henry's comforts in her tomb.

Alas how changed the scene!—The morning sun
Beheld the lovely Phebe, blithe and gay,
Three hours more, his course he had not run,
Ere up to Heaven her spirit wing'd its way.

Behold that blooming face, where roses smiled
Now cold, and pale, will never bloom again,
That tongue, which sung in symphony so mild
Her Maker's praise, will ne'er renew the strain.

Those sparkling eyes which late with lustre shone,
Fast in their sockets fix'd—will ope no more,
Those ruby lips, sweet as the rose full bloom,
Their faded colour, time will ne'er restore.

Now pale, and cold, and stiff, that beauteous form
Where joy, and health, and vigour lately reigned,
The heart, with love and charity so warm,
At sorrow's tale, will never more be pained.

Prospects anticipated with delight,
Sudden with gloomy clouds, are thus o'erspread,
Pleasures long wished for, buried in the night,
And Henry's hopes of earthly comfort fled.

Thus have I seen a lovely opening rose
Reared by the hand of tenderness and care,
About its full bloom beauties to disclose,
Nipt by the frost, and scattered in the air.

Oh cruel Death! how soon thy icy hand
Can chill the current, love and friendship warm,
Quench the bright flame, by pure affection fan'd,
And joy, to unexpected grief, transform.

Tis now thy triumph—but the day will come,
When friends, united by the tenderest ties,
Shall meet again, in their eternal home,
With joy and rapture beaming in their eyes.

Then shall we see our much lov'd friend again,
Surrounded by the heavenly choir above,
Glad that so soon, she left a world of pain,
For the bright mansion of her Father's love.

Hush then our sorrows—cease to mourn our loss,
Since it has prov'd to her—eternal gain,
Jesus who suffered for her, on the cross,
Has called her hence, in endless bliss to reign.

RECLUSE, Jr.

Banks of the Monongahela,
October 16, 1815.

TO THE EDITOR

OF THE AMERICAN DAILY ADVERTISER.

YOU are requested to re-publish the following communication, inserted in your paper of the 28th June, 1813.

COMMUNICATION.

"The Subscriber, having sold to MURRAY, DRAPER, FAIRMAN & Co. all his dies, tools and machines, for the making of Plates for Bank Notes, or other important papers, together with all his patent priviliges relating thereto, and having received a full* and satisfactory compensation for the same, he declines having any further concern in the aforesaid business; except at the request of the aforesaid Murray Draper, Fairman & Co.

(Signed) "ABEL BREWSTER.

"*Philadelphia, June* 28, 1813."

Notwithstanding the Business between the said Abel Brewster, and the undersigned, was settled agreeably to the tenor of the foregoing communication, the said Brewster has had the hardihood, after a lapse of *two years and three months*, to publish and circulate a Pamphlet addressed, "*To the Banks in particular, and the Public in general*," implicating in libellous terms, the character and conduct of our Association.

The Banks and the Public are respectfully requested to suspend their opinions on said Pamphlet, until a legal investigation has taken place, as a suit will be immediately commenced.

Murray, Draper, Fairman & Co.

* Seven thousand five hundred dollars.

FOR SALE,

ON reasonable terms, an assortment of

Silversmithing Tools,

CONSISTING of a ROLLING MILL, a large CLOCK LATHE, a pair of BELLOWS, ANVILS, HAMMERS, and a variety of other Tools calculated for Jewelry, Silversmithing, and Watch and Clock Making.

For further information apply at this Office, or to

NATHANIEL VERNON,
IN THE DIAMOND—PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, October 24, 1815.

FOR SALE.

A TRACT OF LAND on Brush Creek, containing about 260 acres, situate about one mile and an half from the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road, adjoining lands of Henry Lutzenheiser and John Caveat, 12 miles from Greensburgh & 20 miles from Pittsburgh. On the said Tract of Land, is a good mill seat.

For particulars enquire of ROBERT STEWART, Esq. near the premises, of JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. Pittsburgh, or of the subscriber.

STACY POTTS, JR.
No. 209 *Market Street, Philadelphia.*

October 28 1815. 6wq

John Gibson & Co.

CORNER OF MARKET & SECOND STREETS,

ARE Daily in expectation of receiving from Philadelphia, a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,

Particularly adapted to the present and approaching seasons. ALSO, an assortment of

China, Liverpool do. Queensware, Hardware, Groceries, &c.

Customers and friends are solicited to call and be supplied with a new style of Goods on moderate terms

Pittsburgh, October 24, 1815.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be Sold by Public Vendue, at the Court House, in the Borough of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 13th of November next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. the following described property, to wit:—

Part of Lot No. 12, in James Horner's plan, situate in the Borough of Pittsburgh, bounded by Church Alley 16 feet, by Presbyterian Lane 30 feet, thence 16 feet to Edward Gowdy's line, thence along said line to the place of beginning, subject to 12 dollars ground rent annually forever. Seized and taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Felix, at the suit of Thomas Whitesides.

WILLIAM WOODS, *Sheriff.*

October 26, 1815.

FLOUR BARRELS.

GEORGE EVANS & CO. will give a generous price for FLOUR BARRELS, if delivered at the PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL, in a short time.

Pittsburgh, October 25, 1815.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from his Master's service, on Thursday the 12th inst. an indented Negro Boy named MOSES, between 18 and 19 years of age, stout made, very proud and saucy, quite black; he had on when he went away a blue cloth coatee, home made linen shirt, nakeen or domestic cotton pantaloons, roram hat and new coarse shoes. It is probable he has gone to Philadelphia or Baltimore, as he was seen on the road between this and Greensburgh. 8 or 9 days past. He is a good waiter, can do any kind of house work or cook. The above reward will be paid for apprehending and securing him in the Jail of Allegheny county, or TWENTY DOLLARS for securing him in any other Jail, so that his Master may get him again.

JOSEPH BARKER.

Pittsburgh, October 27, 1815.

FRESH GOODS.

JOSEPH BECKER,

Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets,

HAS just received in addition to his stock on hands, which he offers for Sale, as usual, WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Superfine and fine broad cloths, blue, brown, black, mixed, bottle green and carbeau;
Middling and coarse cloths, assorted colors
Petrose cloths
Kersey Moleskins, fine and coarse coatings
Red, green, brown and blue baize
Red, yellow and white flannels
6-4 and 4-4 cambric muslins
9-8 and 4-4 British shirtings
Bombazetts, black, bottle green, brown, grass green and fawn, and scarlet and orange figured
Calicoes, super, common and plate;
Black and green muslins
Scarlet cassimere
Silks and fancy silk shawls
Black, blue, mixed, brown and bottle green cassimeres
Blue and mixed planes and forests
Vesting, Bennet's cord, toilinet and swansdown
Marsailles printed janes and Orleans cord
Cords and velvets, well assorted
India muslins
Buttons, tapes, pins, needles and ribbands
Laces, silk and twist
Ivory and horn combs
Worsted and cotton stockings
Morocco hats
Narrow and broad quality binding
Fancy muslins assorted
Silk and cotton shawls and handkerchiefs
Madrass and common handkerchiefs
Striped and plaid ginghams
Rose, duffil and point blankets

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES AND QUEENSWARE, JEWELRY, WATCHES, &c.

Pittsburgh, October 21.—3tq

Fresh Goods,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

JUST received a large and extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS.

Suited to the present and approaching season.

ALSO, An assortment of

HARDWARE, GROCERIES, CHINA AND QUEENSWARE,

All of which are offered for sale on the most liberal terms by

MOWRY & BIDDLE,
Corner of the Diamond and Diamond Alley.

N. B. Wanted to purchase a quantity of SCUTCHED FLAX, Flax and Tow LINEN, Flax and Tow YARN, and a number of Twill'd Bags, for which the highest price will be given.

Pittsburgh, Oct. 26.—5tq

STRAY HORSE.

STRAYED from the pasture of J. W. HUNTER, on Thursday, the 19th inst. a SORREL HORSE, about 8 years old, 3 white feet, shod all round, blazed face, short tail, long mane and paces. Whoever has taken up said Horse, and will deliver him to J. W. HUNTER, on the Turnpike Road, 2 miles from Pittsburgh, shall receive FIVE DOLLARS REWARD, and reasonable charges paid.

October 26, 1815.

LEWIS BOLLMAN,

Corner of Front street and Cherry alley,

HAS just received from Baltimore and Philadelphia, a supply of new and seasonable GOODS, such as

Cloths, Cassimeres, Bombazetts, Rattinett,
Choice Calicoes, Flannels, silk and cambric Ginghams,
Cambric and shirting Muslin, Shawls, Handkerchiefs,
Hosiery, &c. &c.
A large assortment of men's, women's and children's Shoes,
Imperial and young hyson teas, latest importation,
Fine green Coffee,
Fresh Raisins, Currants, Sweet Oil, Oat Meal, Pearl Barley, Confectionary, &c. &c.
Old Sherry and Teneriffe Wines, Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, 3 year old Whiskey, Queensware,
Vinegar, superior quality, by the barrel—all of which is offered cheap for Cash.

Pittsburgh, October 14, 1815. tf

Also, for Sale, a handsome MARE COLT, six months old.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having demands against the Steam Boat NEW ORLEANS, are requested to send in their bills to A. R. GALE, at James Gibson's Inn, Pittsburgh.

October 19, 1815.

Andrew Humbert & Co.

HAVE opened a COPPER AND TIN FACTORY, in Wood Street, between Second and Third Streets, above Anshutz, Rahm & Co's Warehouse; where they intend keeping a constant supply of *Stills, Wash Kettles, Hatters Plank and Dye Kettles, Sauce Pans, &c. &c. Salt Pans, Brewers and Fullers Kettles,* and all other large work executed at the shortest notice.

☞ Orders for Tin Ware executed with the greatest despatch.—Three or four JOURNEYMEN wanted, who will find constant employment.—Also, one or two APPRENTICES.

The highest price given for old Copper, Brass and Pewter.

Pittsburgh, October 20, 1815.

NEW GOODS.

JAMES WILEY, JR.

Has just opened at his Store in Market between Second and Third Streets, in addition to his former Stock, an elegant assortment of seasonable

Merchandize,

Consisting of

DRY GOODS.

SUPERFINE blue, black, brown and mixed gray broadcloths
Fine do. do. do.
Black, blue and mixed cassimers
Royal rib, Bedford cords and cassinets
Blue, drab, olive and mixed plains
Brown and olive coatings
Red, green, olive and brown bocking baize
4-4 and 3-4 white, red and yellow flannel
Domestick and British bedticking
Swansdown, Marseilles and jofline vesting
Black, brown, scarlet and green bombazet
Green cross barred fatinet,
Superfine and common furniture chintz
Do. calicoes and plates
Striped and Chambray cottons
White and brown do.
Muslin de laines, muslin and palempores
6-4, 5-4, 9-8, and 4-4 cambrick muslins
4-4 and 7-8 sup. patent steamloom cambrick
4-4, 9-8 and 5-4 Brabant shirting muslin
6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 jaconet and mull m. muslin
6-4 jaconet, lappet, jeno and book do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 3-4 chintz shawls
Madras, fancy and black silk handkerchiefs
7-4, 6-4 and 4-4 silk shawls and fancy handkfs.
Lace pelerines and handkerchiefs
Black, double purple and queens gray silk
Green, yellow and brown changing do.
Irish linnen
Nankeenet and cotton lace
Imitation and levantine shawls
Gentlemen's black, gray and white worsted hose
Do. lambs wool and worsted half do
Ladies worsted and cotton hose and apron check
Do. silk, beaver, kid and leather gloves
Table cloths, napkins and towelling
Dimities oil cloth and childrens stockings
Rose, point and striped blankets, all sizes
Velvet, mantua, lutestring and china ribbons
Black and white crapes, plain and figured gauze
White fringe and worsted binding
Tape, bobbin and hat cruple
Plaitillas and coloured cambrick-plain & twilled
Childrens Morocco hats and coloured sarsenets
3, 3 1-2, 4 and 4 1-2 pound pins
Parasols

GROCERIES.

Coffee, young hyson, imperial and hyson tea
Pepper, allspice, ginger and allum
Cloves, nutmegs and cinnamon
Copperas, indigo, madder and starch
Rice, rosin, glue and brimstone
Loaf and Orleans sugar
Peck's rifle powder
James river, pigtail and Kentucky tobacco
Cut and dry tobacco,
Spanish and domestick segars
Rosin soap, logwood, blister and German steel
Herring, shad and Kenhawa salt

HARDWARE.

A regular assortment of Hardware.

QUEENSWARE.

A large and general assortment of blue and white plates, china, queensware and glass—also, a few English pipes by the box.

SHOES.

Of almost every description for gentlemen, ladies, misses, boys and children.

All which he is enabled and will sell on accommodating terms, for Cash or Country Produce.

JAMES WILEY, Jr.

Pittsburgh, October 9, 1815.

Lancasterian School.

J. BOARDMAN, proposes opening a school on the Lancasterian Plan in Pittsburgh in which will be taught, Reading, Spelling, Writing and Arithmetick. As this mode of Tuition is peculiarly adapted to Towns of extensive population, and as the common branches are taught with unusual facility on this plan, he hopes to receive a liberal share of publick encouragement

SUBSCRIPTIONS are open at the Offices of the GAZETTE and MERCURY—Terms $3 per quarter.

October 9, 1815.

John Reno & Co.

Front Street, nearly opposite BEAN *and* BUTLER'S *Ware House,*

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

Madeira and Teneriff Wines,

IN the original Pipes of genuine quality, and a general supply of

GROCERIES,

Which will be sold at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, Oct, 9, 1815. tfq1Sejn&co*

JUST RECEIVED,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,

A few Bales Superfine and coarse Cloths,

FLANNELS, BLANKETS, and a few cases of British COTTON GOODS,
BOMBAZETTS, &c.

All of which will be sold on accommodating terms by the Piece.

BEAN & BUTLER.
Front Street—Pittsburgh.

October 1, 1815.

NEW STORE.

Robert Christy & Thomas Liggett,

HAVING entered into a partnership of trade under the firm of CHRISTY & LIGGETT, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, that they have taken the Store Room lately occupied by Mr. ROBERT SIMPSON, on the South East Corner of Diamond Alley, where they are now opening, and offer FOR SALE, on good terms for Cash, or approved produce, A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE,

Suited to the present and approaching Seasons,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, and Hardware.

A proportional share of public patronage is solicited and will be duly appreciated.

ROBERT CHRISTY
THOMAS LIGGETT.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 25, 1815. tfq*

Turnpike Road.

PROPOSASS will be received by the Managers of the Greensburgh and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company, at the House of Mrs. RIPPY, in Wilkinsburgh, on Monday the 30th inst. for making that part of the Road (as located) lying between Alexander Thompson's and the Nine Mile Run.

By order of the Board,
WILLIAM FREIDT, *Treasurer.*

October 16, 1815.

One Fount Long Primer,

One do. American Cannon,
One do. Five Line Pica,
A large and elegant figure of a Horse—all entirely new,
One Fount Double Pica,
One do. French Cannon—one-third worn,

For Sale at the Office of the Pittsburgh Gazette. October 20, 1815.

To Farmers and Drovers.

I WISH to purchase a quantity of BEEF CATTLE. For those that are in good order and fit for immediate slaughter, I will give a generous price, and pay Cash in hand. It is hoped this will induce persons to make speedy application to the subscriber in Pittsburgh.

RICHARD SANDERSON.

October 20, 1815.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Pitt Township, about 3 miles from Pittsburgh, a ROAN HORSE, about 12 hands high, 12 years old, a star in his forehead. Also a SORREL MARE, about 14 hands high, 12 years old, white face; both are shod all round. The owner is desired to come, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

JONAS ROUP.

October 19, 1815.

S. & J. THOMPSON,

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET, PITTSBURGH,

HAVE just received a large supply of SUPERFINE CLOTHS, CASSIMERS and VESTINGS, of almost every colour and quality, which they will sell on reasonable terms.—They have now a number of excellent workmen, and are enabled to assure those who may favor them with Orders, that they shall be filled at a short notice, and always in the newest fashions:—They also have military trimmings.

SAMUEL THOMPSON, is sorry he is again compelled to invite those having accounts to settle on his old books, to come forward and either pay them or give their notes. He has all their accounts made out and ready for settlement.

October 11, 1815. tfq

NOTICE.

WHEREAS my wife MARY, has absconded from me, this is to give Notice, that I will not pay any debts of her contracting after this date.

ABRAHAM LEWIS.

October 14, 1815.

Ship Carpenters and Sawyers.

WANTED, a number of SHIP CARPENTERS and SAWYERS, to whom generous wages will be given.

SHIRAS & DOEBLN.

Pittsburgh, July 26, 1815.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of THOMAS WALLACE, late of the Borough of Pittsburgh, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having demands against said estate, will present them, duly authenticated, for settlement. A particular attention to this notice is requested as a speedy settlement of the estate must be made.

MARY WALLACE, *Administratrix.*
WILLIAM ROBINSON, Jr. } *Admrs.*
GEORGE WALLACE, }

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1815.

DYE STUFFS.

1500 LBS. ground Red Wood, first quality,
800lbs. prime Madder,
1000lbs. Blue Vitriol,
5000lbs. Fustic, in logs,
600lbs do. ground,
Oil Vitriol, in carboys,
Turmeric, Indigo, Copperass,
Cochineal, Annatto, 1st and 2d quality,

For Sale by

AVERY & VAN ZANDT,

In Wood, between 1st and 2d Streets.

WHO HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

Watson's pure Transparent and Oriental Shaving Soap, from London,
A quantity of Nutmegs and Cloves,
First quality, 23 dozen Lancets assorted.

SPEAKMAN & SAY,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

DRUGGISTS,

HAVING established a *Drug and Chemical Warehouse* in Pittsburgh, and taken SAMUEL PETTIGREW into partnership in that concern. The business there will be conducted under the firm of

Speakman, Say & Co.

In Market Street, third door from Front Street, Where, by receiving in bulk, as well as manufacturing such articles as the place will admit of, they hope to be able to sell at the lowest Philadelphia prices, with the addition of carriage expences, only.

☞ *They now offer for Sale, an assortment of* DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c. *for Cash, Produce, or at the usual Credit.*

May 30, 1815. tf

DOCTOR CHISHOLM'S
Anti-Bilious Pills,

Of a quality superior to any thing of the kind ever offered as a GENERAL MEDICINE, in this Country.

NOW prepared from a recipe of the celebrated *Dr. Cheholm*, who, from a long residence in the West-India Islands, has been enabled to favor the world with the most complete history, and most approved methods of curing all the BILIOUS DISEASES of those warm climates.

This extraordinary Medicine, which now for the first time is finding its way into general practice, has properties in the highest degree superior to the mercurial nostrums so frequently recommended by the name of *Anti-Bilious Pills*. The extraordinary powers of this medicine as a solvent and evacuent of Bile, is without example; never producing debility or injuring the health, in the smallest degree, of the most delicate child or weakly female:

The BILIOUS HEAD-ACHE, so much complained of in this country, and in the neighbourhood of rivers, is often removed by a single dose, which, to a strong man, is only five pills, and to a weakly woman, three. The same dose will generally remove the most excruciating pains of the cholic, like a charm, by abusing the bile to pass downwards in the course of an hour or two.

Two or three Pills taken an hour before dinner, and repeated every third day, will effectually remove those diseases arising from flatulency and indigestion, and by persevering in the use of them for a considerable time, the appetite will be improved, and strength and vigor will return.

Two Pills taken at bed time, with a cup of penny-royal tea, and repeated every second night, will effectually remove *Rheumatic pains* wherever seated.

A single Pill, taken every fourth hour with a cup of flaxseed tea, will cure *Pleurisy*, promote expectoration, and relieve coughs and colds.

In CONSUMPTIVE CASES and DISEASES OF THE LIVER, no medicine ever yet discovered, has been known to perform such cures. Two Pills taken every third morning, will be found sufficient, unless costiveness prevails; in which case the dose may be increased according to the strength or constitution.

The *Dysentery*, *Croup*, and *Summer Complaint* on children, are soon relieved by a few doses. A single Pill to a child of 6 years old, and the dose increased according to their strength and age.

In *Asthmatic* or *Phthisical* cases, where the laborious breathing and great oppression, with faintings, are fast sinking the patient to the brink of the grave, a few Pills, taking one every hour, with fennel or pepper-mint tea, will often enable the patient to walk about in a few hours.

The above valuable Medicine is Sold ONLY *in Pittsburgh, by*
J. P. & J. W. SKELTON,
at their Wholesale and Retail Apothecary and Drug Store.

DOCTOR HANDY'S
WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

A safe and efficacious medicine for destroying and bringing away WORMS.

MAY be used with safety by children of any age, or as common physic by the most delicate constitution, in any climate, without restraint of diet, or the smallest danger from cold. It may be given with advantage after the small-pox or measles; or as a family medicine, in any case where physic is necessary.—The most frequent seat of worms in the human body, is the intestinal tube; but occasionally they have been found in almost every other part of the body.

Some very extraordinary cases of *Worms*, of an unusual form and appearance, being brought away by these Lozenges, have been made public in England, where the rapid sale of the medicine has exceeded any thing of the kind ever known before; and has also proved, to a demonstration, its approved superiority, as an athelminthick, to the numerous puffed-up, useless nostrums, which are daily advertised in the newspapers.

A single dose of this *valuable medicine* has often been known to remove half a pot full of the Teres or Round Worms.

A few doses are generally sufficient to remove the Ascarides, a small white worm, the seat of which is either the stomach or rectum.

Even the *Tape Worm*, at all times the most difficult to destroy, may, by persevering in the frequent use of this medicine, be totally removed in the course of a few weeks.

To select cases, with the names of people who are not known here, and living at a great distance, would be useless, and take up too much of the readers time. We shall therefore only observe, for the benefit of those who are acquainted with the symptoms of worms, that they are known or suspected to exist by a pain in the stomach, attended with a sudden depression of spirits before eating; at other times the belly is hard, painful and distended with wind—costiveness, head ache, and trembling of the limbs, with a sense of something rising in the throat—pale complexion and emaciated body, with weakness and irregular appetite—convulsive, epileptic or falling fits—pains in the back and side, and frequent itching of the nose, and sometimes of the anus. The above and a long train of afflicting diseases may all be occasioned by worms, which are much oftener the cause of death than is commonly believed.

The above Valuable MEDICINE, *is sold, ONLY, by*
J. P. & J. W. Skelton.
At their WHOLESALE & RETAIL *Drug Store, at the corner of Wood and Third Streets,*
PITTSBURGH.
December 13, 1813.

CHEAP GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND *RETAIL.*

THE Subscriber having removed from his old stand in Market Street to the corner of DIAMOND ALLEY and WOOD STREET, opposite Mr. Sturgeon's Tavern, offers for Sale, a large and handsome assortment of

Summer and Fall Goods,

which, having been purchased principally for cash, he is enabled to sell as low as any in the market. Country purchasers are invited to call, examine the goods, and judge for themselves.

ARTHUR F. GORE.
Pittsburgh, August 3, 1815. 3m

NEW GOODS.

MARKET STREET, BETWEEN SECOND AND THIRD STREETS,
AND NEXT DOOR TO THE "BANK OF PITTSBURGH."

THOMAS & GREGG ALGEO,

Having entered into Partnership, trading under the Firm of

T. & G. Algeo,

Are now opening a general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

of the latest importations from Europe, among which are the following:—

SUPERFINE furniture dress and low priced callicoes
Shirting muslins, Colerain, domestic & British
Cambric muslins; 6-4 and 4-4 dimities
Mull, spidernett and lappet muslins
Jackonet, plain and figured, book and cambric muslin
Green, black and brown bombazetts
Irish linen, Britannias, Russia diaper
Ladies' white cotton and silk hose
Ladies' short and long kid and silk gloves
Black, olive and changeable dress silks
Olive and dark cords and velvets
Vestings, white, buff and figured Marseilles
Fine and common plaids, stripes and chambrays
Light and dark pocket handkerchiefs
Real and mock madras handkerchiefs
Cotton and silk umbrellas; Parasols
Silk and cotton lace and edging
Pink, buff and blue striped ginghams
Damask, levantine and serged silk shawls
Cotton, imitation, cambric muslin and chintz shawls
Men's half hose, coloured and white
Black and assorted sewing silks
Black and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Blue, black and brown fine and superfine cloths
Blue, black and mixed cassimers
Red, yellow and white flannels
Coarse and fine checks
Ribbands, edged and plain, mantua and sattin
Pins, 7, 6, 5, 4 1-2, 3 1-2 lbs. and pound pins

QUEENSWARE

Large and small cups and saucers
Small, middling and long edged plates
Liverpool and common tea pots, &c.

HARDWARE.

Spades and shovels
Sweeping, shoe, clothes and horse brushes
Carpenters compasses, locks and needles
Brass and iron candlesticks
Tortoise shell, mock and horn combs
Trunk, chest, till and padlocks
Cupboard, stock and knob locks
Real and sham buck and white handled knives and forks assorted
Knob and thumb latches; mason's trowels
Large shears and scissors; sheep shears
Handsaws and files
Bread and tea trays
Iron and brass rimmed coffee mills
Table and tea spoons; iron wire; brass nails
1, 1 1-2, 1 3-4, 2, 2 1-2, 3 1-2 and 4 inch butt hinges and screws.

GROCERIES.

Tea, coffee, chocolate, pepper and allspice
Rice, cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs
Indigo; allum; copperas and lampblack
James river, ladies' twist & Kentucky tobacco
Jamaica spirits; brandy; Port and Teneriffe wine
Mackarel; Shad and Herring.

The above GOODS are offered WHOLESALE and RETAIL at a small advance for cash or approved country produce.

THOMAS ALGEO
GREGG ALGEO.
Pittsburgh, July 29, 1815. 6t

N. B. The subscriber wishes all those who are indebted to him for a longer term than four months, to make immediate payment.
THOMAS ALGEO.

JOSEPH DAVIS,

Respectfully informs his Friends and the Public, that he has received and ready for delivery, the

AMERICAN STANDARD,

Of Orthography and Pronunciation,
AND IMPROVED
DICTIONARY
OF THE
ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

CONTAINING, all the words in general use, with their significations accurately explained, and the sound of each syllable clearly expressed: among which will be found several hundred terms, that have been hitherto omitted by the best lexicographers: Also, a variety of the technical terms of Medicine, Law, Commerce, Arts, and general Science, interspersed with critical and philological observations. Compiled under the direction of sundry literary characters and institutions, in the United States of America.
March 1, 1815.

FLAX WANTED.

WANTED by the Subscribers, thirty or forty TONS OF GOOD SCUTCHED OR SWINGLED FLAX, for which the highest price will be given in Cash, at the *Western Flax Spinning and Linen Manufactory*, on the Turnpike Road leading from Pittsburgh to Greensburgh, one quarter of a mile from the Mansion House of John Woods, Esq.; at *Matthew Stewart's* Nail Manufactory, north end of Market Street, and at *John Reed's*, four mile Ferry, on the Alleghony

STEWART & REED.
July 4, 1815. tf.

Just received by the Subscriber, at his Store in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets, a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, and Hardware,

which will be disposed of, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable terms.

Also, for Sale, a few barrels *Tanners Oil*, and 20 boxes *Spanish Segars*.

ABISHAI WAY.
Pittsburgh, August 7, 1815.

BARR IRON.

THE subscriber has now on hand, and intends keeping a general assortment of

Juniata and Centre County BARR IRON,

WHICH he will sell on reasonable terms for Cash. Waggoners and Blacksmiths may be supplied with all kinds of Waggon Tire, drawn for that purpose. He likewise keeps an assortment of the best Waggon Boxes.

WILLIAM LACKEY.
Pittsburgh, February 3, 1814. tf

J. & J. BROWN.
Wholesale and Retail STORE.

JUST received at the above Store, North end of MARKET STREET, an elegant assortment MERCHANDIZE. Among a great variety, are the following articles, viz:

WOODS'S best London extra superfine Black, Blue and Bottle Green CLOTHS,
Fine Black, Blue, Mix't and Brown Do.
Cassimers, cassinets and elastic cords,
Elegant blue and black Stockinetts, plain and ribb'd
Velvets and velvet Cords
Super white Marseilles Vestings
Do. Buff, spotted and striped Do.
Elegant toilenett, fancy and dark Vestings
Super undressed Chintzes
An elegant assortment of dress'd Do.
First and 2d quality furniture Chintzes
Low priced Calicoes of all kinds
A few pieces superfine and common Do.
3-4, 7-8, 4-4 and 5-4 Irish Linnens
Ladies and gentlemen superfine and common white cotton Hose
Gentlemen's white and mixt half Hose
4-4 and 6-4 superfine and common dress'd and undress'd Cambric Muslins.
4-4 and 5-4 India Muslins
Jackonett, mull and book Muslins plain and figured
Plain and figured Lenoes
Spidernett, lappet, corded and tape strip'd Muslins
Dimitys, long cloths and British shirtings
6-4, 4-4 and 3-4 cotton and linnen Checks
Platillas and brown Holland
Real and mock Madrass handkerchiefs
A great variety of fancy neck Do.
8-4, 7-4, 6-4, 5-4 and 4-4 silk and cotton Cashmere Shawls
Do. Do. Chintz Do.
Superfine and common white and stamp'd pocket handkerchiefs
Ladies and Gentlemens' Silk, York tann'd and Kid Gloves
Ladies extra long Do.
Black and white plain and figured gauzes
Best English cotton balls, tape, bobbin and Scotch Thread
An elegant assortment of 7-4 and 8-4 Levantine silk shawls
Damask silk shawls, fancy and black silk handkerchiefs
Real Tortoise shell, mock and horn back and side combs
10-4 and 11-4 super white counterpains
Edgings, laces, thread and cotton shirt buttons
Elegant plain and fringed Parasols
Blue Nankeens
Pins, needles, fringes, trimmings, &c.
Elegant black, brown and bottle green bombazettes
Gilt and Mahogany fram'd looking glasses large and small
Gentlemens leather shoes and pumps
Ladies first quality leather and morocco Do.
Misses and childrens Do.

QUEENSWARE.

Plates, dishes, wash basons, cups & saucers, &c.
A few crates expected in a few days elegantly assorted, of Liverpool China
Best green Coffee, young hyson Tea and other groceries, &c.
HARDWARE, &c. &c.

As J. & J. BROWN have made arrangements both in New York and Philadelphia, in addition to one of them being generally, if not altogether there, they contemplate keeping a large and constant supply of GOODS, which being purchased with great care and for cash, will be sold WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, as low as any in the western country, for Cash or Country Produce.
Pittsburgh, August 19, 1815 tiq

WILLIAM HILL,

South East corner of Market and Fourth Streets, PITTSBURGH.

Has just received and now opening a large and general assortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

Consisting of

SUPERFINE London, second and habit cloths
Coarse cloths, moleskins and coatings
Cassimers and stockinetts
Elastic cords and velvets
Flannels and baizes
Rose, point and duffield blankets
Sup. dressed and undressed prints
Cambric and Scots undressed gingham
White lace handkerchiefs embroidered and plain
4-4 figured and plain white silk lace
White and black gauzes and crapes
Common prints and plates
Black and coloured muslin
Cambric and fancy do.
British and domestic shirtings
Marseilles, fancy, toilinett and swansdown vesting
Levantine and Mantua silk
Levantine, damask and serged shawls
Common do. 5-4 to 8-4
Sup and common Madras handkerchiefs
Gentlemen's beaver, silk, and buckskin gloves
Ladies beaver, York tan'd, silk, long and short kid gloves
Do silk, worsted and cotton hose
Mens' silk and cotton hose and half hose
Silk and cotton umbrellas and parasols
Gentlemen's Philadelphia beaver hats
Ribbands, sewing silk, silver twist, and a great variety of fancy articles.

Also,—Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Liquors, Shoes, English, Crowley, and Swedish tub Steel, Spades and Shovels, &c. &c. which will be sold at a very moderate advance, wholesale and retail, for cash or negociable paper.

W. H. is at all times enabled to fill orders for the following Articles, viz:—
Country Linen, flax and tow
Twilled Bags
Country Half Hose, woolen
Butter in kegs.
July 28, 1815. 3m.

John & Robert Griffith,

FROM THE STAFFORDSHIRE POTTERIES, ENGLAND.
(LAST FROM NEW-JERSEY.)

Having commenced the Manufacturing OF

EARTHEN WARE,

AT this place, take the liberty of informing their friends and the public, that they can be supplied with the following Articles, warranted equal to any of the kind imported.

Black and brown glazed Coffee POTS,

Teapots, Jugs, Sugar Dishes, Milkpots, &c

ALL ORDERS in their line, addressed to any of the principal COMMISSION MERCHANTS in the place will be thankfully received and promptly executed.

BIRMINGHAM, near Pittsburgh,
July 6, 1815. 3m

Cutlery and Hardware.

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber, at his WAREHOUSE, in Third Street, between Market and Wood Streets, the following articles, viz:—

3 casks knives and forks assorted,
1 cask penknives assorted,
1 do. pocket and sportsman's do.
1 do. razors do.
4 cases best white chapel needles do.
3 do. silver eyed, warranted,
2 casks butt hinges assorted,
1 do. screws do.
2 do. Tutania tea and table spoons,
1 do. tinned iron tea and table spoons,
1 case best gilt and plated buttons,
1 do. metal do.
1 cask plane bitts and chissels assorted,
1 do. fancy knob locks, do.
1 do. common do. do.
1 do. best mortice Scotch springs,
1 do. containing chest, cupboard, till, desk, and clock case locks assorted,
1 cask trunk and pad locks do.
Post and box coffee mills assorted,
Steel rat and beaver traps,
Horse and sheep shears assorted,
Curry combs assorted,
1 cask round and flat bolts assorted,
Iron and polished steel shovels and tongs do.
Shovels and spades,
Brass cocks assorted,
Patent wooden faucetts,
Gimblets assorted,
Saddlery assorted, viz:
Plated bitts and stirrups assorted,
Do. buckles and slides,
Curb chains, plated and tinned, assorted,
Men's common 2 barred stirrup irons,
Do. best do.
Women's stirrup irons assorted,
Tinned curb and snaffle bitts assorted,
Polished roller buckles,
Inlets and flat setts assorted,
Japanned do. do.
Heads and throats do.
Stirrup slides plated and common
Bridle mounting assorted,
Plated and common spurs do.
Heads and cantles do.
American and English plated moulding,
Cut sprigs and tacks assorted,
Brass and iron candlesticks assorted,
Awl blades assorted,
Saddlers and sprigging awls do.
Watch chains, keys and seals assorted,
Brass nails,
Combs assorted,
Tooth brushes, Shoe tacks,
Mathematical and Surveyors instruments assorted,
Looking glasses assorted,
Iron and steel blade squares assorted,
Carpenters and coopers compasses,
Razors, cases and strops assorted,
Oil stones assorted,
Masons and plasterers trowels assorted,
Pad screws, water hooks, and harness buckles,
Brushes assorted,
Brass and silver thimbles assorted,
Bone and wood moles do.
Ink powder, Bonnet wire,
Wilson's cast steel shoe and butcher knives, assorted,
Commode mounting assorted,
Bed caps, Clock balls, Cupboard turns,
Flush bolts assorted, Scissors do. Gun locks do.
Straining and cotton webbing,
Diaper saddle cloths assorted, Lead pencils,
Brass wire and knitting pins,
Straw knives,

Having made arrangements, so as to supply any demand for box coffee mills and every description of brushes, lower than they can be imported, together with a great variety of articles too tedious to mention, the subscriber will dispose of them at a small advance for cash, or approved negotiable paper, at sixty and ninety days.

BENJAMIN DARLINGTON.
Pittsburgh, September 9, 1815. tf

MERINO WOOL.

THE subscribers have just received a consignment of WOOL which they offer on liberal terms for approved notes, viz:

100 lbs. Full Blood,
200 lbs. 3-4th do. } *Washed on the back.*
400 do. half do.
300 lbs Full Blood,
600 do 3-4th do } *Not washed.*
500 do half do

ALSO,

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR, 1st quality. } BRANDY-
Do. LOAF } Jamaica Rum 4th prf.
Coffee best green } Gin
Young Hyson } Teas. } Whiskey
Hyson Skin } Salt 1st quality
Souchong } Shad (this season's)
Tobacco } Bacon

Together with an excellent assortment of

Ironmongery. Liquors and Groceries.

M'CLEAN & DOANE.
Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

FOR SALE,
A valuable Tract of Land,

CONTAINING 237 acres, situate in Plumb Township, Allegheny county, one mile north of Cavet's Mill, the property of John M'Grew, of Adams county. There are several cabins on the premises, about 80 acres cleared, 5 or 6 sugar camps, and upwards of 80 acres of first rate bottom. This farm is not more than 15 miles from Pittsburgh. An indisputable title will be given, and payments made easy. For particulars apply to THOMAS BRACKEN, Pittsburgh, or to SIMON M'GREW, North-Huntingdon township, Westmoreland county, Pennsylvania. June 23, 1815.

Citizens of Pittsburgh,
AND
Customers of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill,

THE proprietors of the Pittsburgh Steam Mill, inform the public that they have on hand a good supply of Wheat and a large quantity of Corn, and therefore expect to furnish during the season, on reasonable terms, FRESH FLOUR, and boulted CORN MEAL, of a superior quality.

WHEAT, RYE and CORN, purchased and the highest prices given.
Pittsburgh, June 22, 1815.

FOR SALE, BY

SHIRAS & DOBBIN, 4,500 Acres of Land, in the State of Ohio, viz:
1,500 Acres in Highland County,
1,500 do. in Washington do.
1,500 do. in Fayette do.

For the terms, and a description of the Land, apply at the WAREHOUSE at the POINT.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1815. tf

PITTSBURGH
Manhattan School,
FOR
YOUNG LADIES & GENTLEMEN

MR. LOOMIS, respectfully returns thanks to his patrons for their liberal patronage since the commencement of his School in this place, and informs them and the public that he continues to teach both sexes Reading, Penmanship analytically, English Grammar, English Composition, Geography, with the use of the Globes and Maps, Drawing of Maps, Book-keeping, the Languages, &c.

The system of Education adopted in this School, will be that which is pursued in the celebrated Manhattan School, in the city of New-York, conducted by Mr. A. Picket, the successful founder; and which is acknowledged by men of the first literary reputation to be one of the best conducted Schools, in that city or in the United States. Here, about five hundred children of both sexes, comprising some of the best families in the city, constantly attend and are taught in such a manner as to do the greatest honor to the teacher, and result in the happiest consequence to the pupils. It is of the utmost importance to teach children in such a manner that they will understand what they learn, and know how to apply it in the active pursuits of life. To give them words without accustoming them to attach some definite meaning to them, is, like binding a man and commanding him to fly to a certain object; every effort leads him astray and renders him more uncertain of its attainment, so children if their minds are burdened with knowledge without understanding, and themselves uninterested in the pursuit, of course their progress in acquiring it will be but small: they must be brought to love learning if we would expect ever to teach them to good purpose, for the mind always eagerly embraces that which it previously loves.

In this School every requisite attention will be paid to the learning and amiable deportment of the pupils, and no labour will be thought too arduous to form the young mind for future usefulness and respectability in society. The education of youth is difficult and requires unwearied attention and experience, for no man is born a teacher, it is an occupation which requires many years practice to become a proficient in the business. To his many years experience in teaching an extensive School and unwearied diligence, the subscriber looks for public patronage, pledging himself to a conscientious discharge of the duties incumbent on a teacher, he with confidence solicits the patronage of the public.

For terms of Tuition, References, &c. please to apply at the School Room, over Mr. THOMAS ALGEO'S Store, Market Street

N. B. Young Ladies will be taught plain and ornamental Needle Work, in a separate apartment, by Mrs. Loomis.

Morning Tuition will commence on the 1st of May, for Penmanship, from 6 to 8 o'clock at Six Dollars a quarter, payable in advance.

P. S. On hand and constantly for sale ENGLISH QUILLS of the best quality, wholesale and retail.
Pittsburgh, April 28, 1815

O'BRIEN & DYOTT
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

WEST SIDE OF THE DIAMOND,
PITTSBURGH,

Have received from their connections in New York and Philadelphia, additional supplies of

Fresh Drugs, *Oil,*
Chemicals, *Dye Stuffs,*
Medicines, Camels hair Pencils
Perfumery, Reeve's & Wells' water colours. &c.
Vials,
Paints,

with an extensive variety of other articles in their line, all of which are warranted to be the most approved and genuine qualities.

Physians, Country Merchants, and others who deal in Drugs and Medicines, or any of the above Articles, can be supplied at the lowest Philadelphia prices.

Families in Town and in the Country can be furnished with superior Medicines of every description, on the cheapest terms.

All orders thankfully received, and attended to with care and promptitude.
Pittsburgh, July 22, 1815. 1year

CASTINGS.

ORMSBY & DOANE, have just received a large supply of assorted CASTINGS; and from arrangements made with the Brighton Iron Works, they will be able to fill orders to any extent, at all times.

Also, manufactured TOBACCO, of a superior quality, for Sale as above.
Pittsburgh, August 2, 1815.

W. Anderson & Co.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Corner of Wood and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

GORMLY, W. & S. BELL,

MERCHANTS of Pittsburgh, respectfully inform the Public, that they have taken WILLIAM ANDERSON, into partnership, and on the 1st day of July next, they will open a COMMISSION WAREHOUSE, under the firm of *W. ANDERSON & CO.* in the house formerly occupied by Messrs. T. & J. Cromwell. The situation they have chosen is one of the best in the place, and from its neighbourhood to the river, well calculated for the Storage and Sale of country produce.

They will receive and forward *Goods*, and transact all business in their line on the most liberal terms. They flatter themselves that their industry and promptitude will entitle them to a portion of public patronage.

GORMLY, W. & S. BELL,
W. ANDERSON.
Pittsburgh, June 7, 1815. tfq

The Editors of the "Spy," Cincinnati, (O.) "Monitor," Lexington, and the "Courier," Louisville, (Ky.) will insert the above 2 months and send their bills to W. A. & Co.

50 Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber, living in Lancaster, (Penn.) on Saturday the 9th of September, 1815, an apprentice to the Tin and Sheet Iron business, named THOMAS BARTON, about 18 years of age, stout built, has a very swaggering walk; he has a scar on his right arm, occasioned by a burn, and has a tremour on his hands when holding any thing. Had on and took with him, two good suits of summer clothes, one pair of cossack boots and one pair of shoes.

The above reward will be given to any person that will secure him in any jail in the United States, paid by JOHN GETZ.

September 13, 1815.